

Sample Coding

Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Type	Code	Description
ICD-10-CM*	G36.0	Neuromyelitis optica (Devic)
HCPCS*	J3590	Unclassified biologics (commercial and Medicare)
	C9399	Unclassified biologics (OPPS*: Medicare)
NDC*	10-digit: 72677-551-01	Inebilizumab, one carton containing three 100 mg/10 mL single-dose vials
	11-digit: 72677-0551-01	Check with carrier for NDC format requirements
CPT* (administration procedures)	96413	Injection and intravenous infusion chemotherapy, other highly complex drug or high complex biologic agent administration up to 1 hour, single or initial substance/drug
	96415	Injection and intravenous infusion chemotherapy, other highly complex drug or high complex biologic agent administration each additional hour (list separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
	96365	Intravenous infusion, for therapy, prophylaxis, or diagnosis (specify substance or drug); initial, up to 1 hour
	96366	Intravenous infusion, for therapy, prophylaxis, or diagnosis (specify substance or drug); each additional hour (list separately in addition to code for primary procedure)

* ICD-10-CM = International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification; HCPCS = Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System; NDC = National Drug Code; CPT = Current Procedural Terminology; OPSS = Outpatient Prospective Payment System

These codes are not all inclusive. Appropriate codes vary by patient, payer and setting for care. Correct coding is the responsibility of the provider submitting the claim. Viela Bio does not make any representation or guarantee for reimbursement or coverage.

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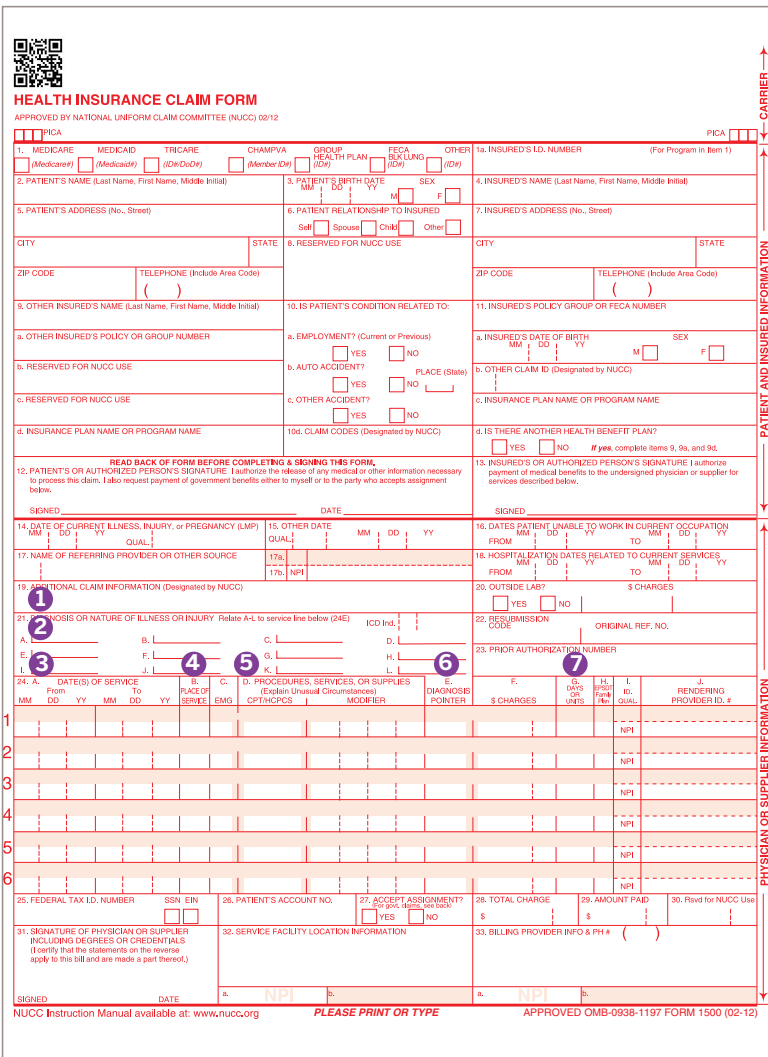
CMS-1500 and CMS-1450 Commercial and Medicare Coding

Procedure	CPT Code
Office visit, new patient	99201-99205
Office visit, established patient	99211-99215
Hospital outpatient visit (CMS-1450 Medicare only)	G0463
Prolonged service without direct patient contact by the physician or non-physician practitioner	99358

Please refer to the most current CPT code book for additional guidance.

Sample CMS-1500 Form

Use to submit claims to commercial insurance or Medicare for Uplizna administered in the physician's office



The image shows a sample CMS-1500 Health Insurance Claim Form. It is divided into several sections: Carrier and Insured Information (top), Patient and Insured Information (middle), and Physician or Supplier Information (bottom). The form includes fields for patient name, address, birth date, sex, insurance policy number, and dates of service. It also includes a table for procedures, services, or supplies with columns for CPT/HCPCS codes, charges, and modifiers. Annotations 1 through 7 are placed on the form to highlight specific areas: 1. Item 19 (Diagnosis), 2. Item 21 (ICD-10-CM code), 3. Item 24A (NDC), 4. Item 24B (POS), 5. Item 24D (CPT/HCPCS codes), 6. Item 24E (Diagnosis pointer), and 7. Item 24G (Units).

1 Item 19

When completing a claim for a drug that does not have a permanent HCPCS code, include the drug name, drug strength, unit of measure, number of units administered, total dosage, route of administration, and 11-digit NDC. Information required may vary, please check with payer to confirm.

2 Item 21

Indicate the diagnosis using the ICD-10-CM code that supports medical justification for NMOSD (see page 1 for ICD codes).

3 Item 24A

If line item NDC information is required, enter it in the shaded portion of Item 24A.

4 Item 24B

Enter the applicable two digit Place of Service (POS) code based on the patient's administration site.

5 Item 24D

Indicate appropriate CPT and HCPCS codes. See pages 1 and 2 of this guide for codes.

6 Item 24E

Refer to the diagnosis for this service (see item 21 above). Enter only 1 diagnosis pointer per line.

7 Item 24G

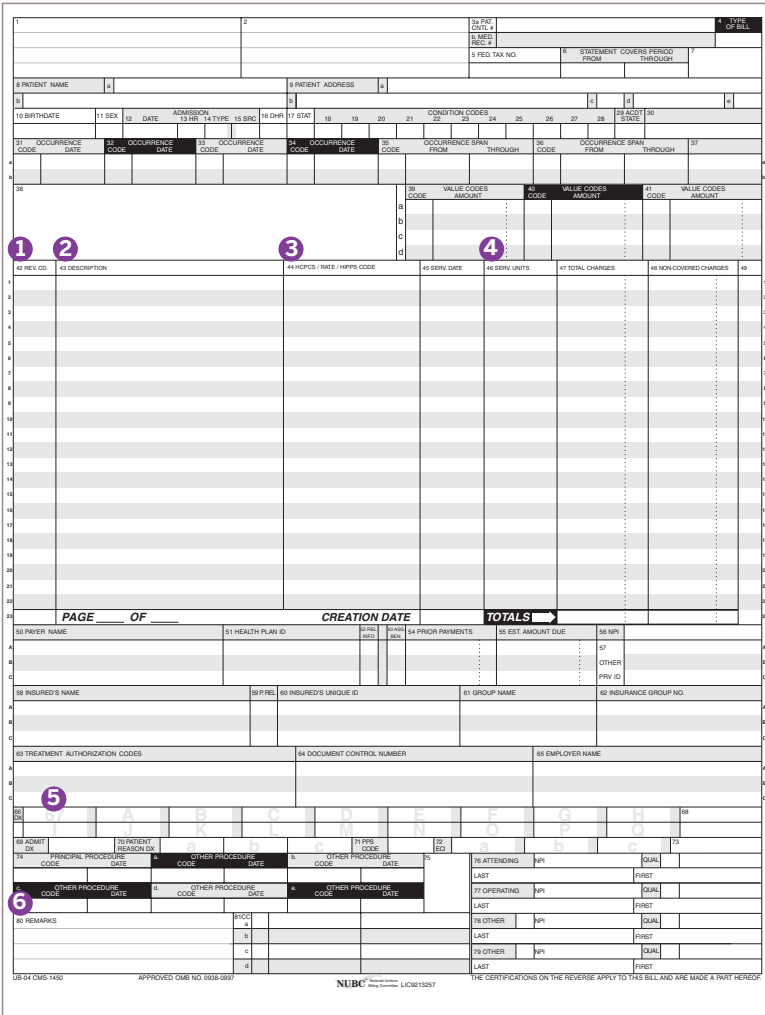
Enter the number of units.

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Sample CMS-1450 Form

Use to submit claims to commercial insurance or Medicare for Uplizna administered in the hospital outpatient setting



The image shows a sample CMS-1450 form with several callouts:

- 1**: Points to the Revenue Code field (42).
- 2**: Points to the Description field (43).
- 3**: Points to the HCPCS / NDC / ICD-10 code field (44).
- 4**: Points to the Units field (46).
- 5**: Points to the Diagnosis field (67).
- 6**: Points to the Remarks field (68).

1 Locator Box 42

List revenue codes in ascending order.

2 Locator Box 43

Enter narrative description of corresponding revenue codes (eg, clinic, lab general). If line item NDC information is required, enter it in the unshaded portions of Locator Box 43. Payer requirements for NDC entries may vary.

3 Locator Box 44

Indicate appropriate CPT and HCPCS codes as required by the payer. See pages 1 and 2 of this guide for codes.

4 Locator Box 46

Enter the number of units. For billing Uplizna with a miscellaneous/unclassified HCPCS code (J3590), enter 1 unit.

5 Locator Box 67

Indicate the diagnosis using the ICD-10-CM code that supports medical justification for NMOSD (see page 1 for ICD codes).

6 Locator Box 80

When completing a claim for a drug that does not have a permanent HCPCS code, include the drug name, drug strength, unit of measure, number of units administered, total dosage, route of administration, and 11-digit NDC. Information required may vary, please check with payer to confirm.

If you have any questions, contact Viela VIPs at 833-842-8477.

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INDICATION AND IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

INDICATION

Uplizna™ (inebilizumab-cdon) is indicated for the treatment of neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Uplizna is contraindicated in patients with:

- A history of life-threatening infusion reaction to Uplizna
- Active hepatitis B infection
- Active or untreated latent tuberculosis

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

Infusion Reactions: Uplizna can cause infusion reactions, which can include headache, nausea, somnolence, dyspnea, fever, myalgia, rash, or other symptoms. Infusion reactions were most common with the first infusion but were also observed during subsequent infusions. Administer pre-medication with a corticosteroid, an antihistamine, and an anti-pyretic.

Infections: The most common infections reported by Uplizna-treated patients in the randomized and open-label periods included urinary tract infection (20%), nasopharyngitis (13%), upper respiratory tract infection (8%), and influenza (7%). Delay Uplizna administration in patients with an active infection until the infection is resolved.

Increased immunosuppressive effects are possible if combining Uplizna with another immunosuppressive therapy.

The risk of hepatitis B virus (HBV) reactivation has been observed with other B-cell-depleting antibodies. Perform HBV screening in all patients before initiation of treatment with Uplizna. Do not administer to patients with active hepatitis.

Although no confirmed cases of Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy (PML) were identified in Uplizna clinical trials, JC virus infection resulting in PML has been observed in patients treated with other B-cell-depleting antibodies and other therapies that affect immune competence. At the first sign or symptom suggestive of PML, withhold Uplizna and perform an appropriate diagnostic evaluation.

Patients should be evaluated for tuberculosis risk factors and tested for latent infection prior to initiating Uplizna.

Vaccination with live-attenuated or live vaccines is not recommended during treatment and after discontinuation, until B-cell repletion.

Reduction in Immunoglobulins: There may be a progressive and prolonged hypogammaglobulinemia or decline in the levels of total and individual immunoglobulins such as immunoglobulins G and M (IgG and IgM) with continued Uplizna treatment. Monitor the level of immunoglobulins at the beginning, during, and after discontinuation of treatment with Uplizna until B-cell repletion especially in patients with opportunistic or recurrent infections.

Fetal Risk: May cause fetal harm based on animal data. Advise females of reproductive potential of the potential risk to a fetus and to use an effective method of contraception during treatment and for 6 months after stopping Uplizna.

Adverse Reactions: The most common adverse reactions (at least 10% of patients treated with Uplizna and greater than placebo) were urinary tract infection and arthralgia.

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